

# ADH-Free Water Based Binder for Lasure Coatings - EU Ecolabel Compliant

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#### EU Ecolabel, background and facts

- > Why adipic acid dihydrazide (ADH)?
- > New development  $\rightarrow$  1-to-1 substitution
- > Comparative study  $\rightarrow$  lasure formulations

# EU Ecolabel scheme Voluntary award





- Introduced in 1982 (Regulation (EC) 1980/2000) Implemented in 2009 (Regulation (EC) 66/2010)
- > > 44000 products & services involved (Sep. 2015)
- Paints & varnishes category Commission Decision 2014/312/EU counts 10% ca. of total number of awards (Sep. 2015)
- Key points: Voluntary
  Focus on environmental impact (hazardous content) and life cycle (durability)
   Visual label for consumers



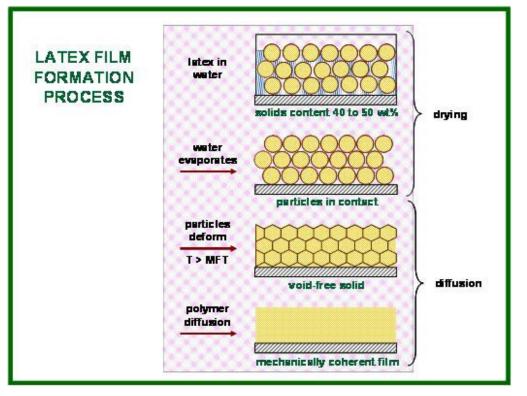


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# Why is ADH used in water based binders? Room temperature curing

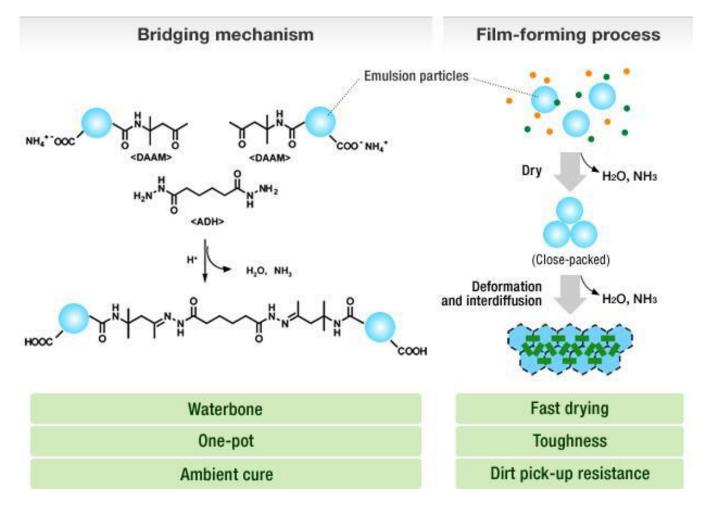


- Polymers designed with Tg = 0-20 °C
  - Good film formation but,
  - Leads to blocking
  - Low water resistance
- Solution: Post cure films
  - Preferably with 1K system



# Crosslinking mechanism Room temperature curing





Reference: http://www.khneochem.co.jp/en/rd/technology/daam/

# ADH is hazardous to the environment New crosslink solutions are needed

- Chronic category 2 hazard statement H411
- Ecolabel threatened
- On March 16, 2016 the commission has derogated ADH since no alternative is feasible
- Up to 1% ADH can be used









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# **Development aim** 1-to-1 substitution of ADH containing binder

- 1K crosslinkable binder
- Two phase polymer, optimized monomer composition
- Comparable properties to ADH in respect to:
  - Block resistance
  - Water resistance
- 0 VOC improve vs standard

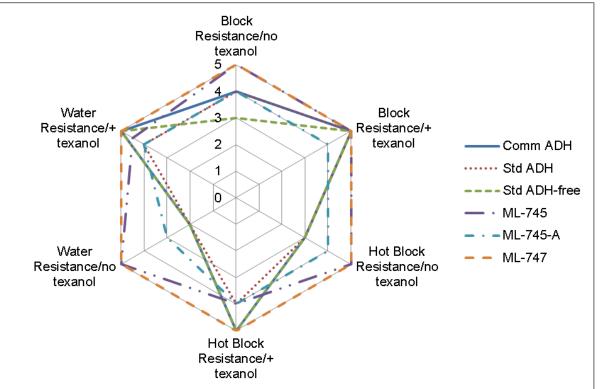
All screening tests done on binder with and without solvent





### New Acrylic Polymer Multiple options





	Cross-linker
Comm ADH	$\sqrt{(ADH)}$
Std ADH	$\sqrt{(ADH)}$
Std ADH-free	×
ML-745	$\checkmark$
ML-745-A	$\checkmark$
ML-747	$\checkmark$

#### New AC $\rightarrow$ no coalescing agent required





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- Summary

### **Comparative study** Lasure formulation

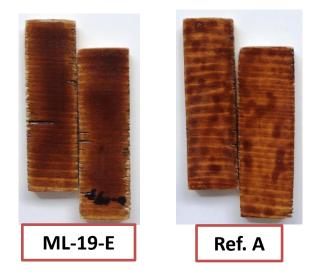


	ML-19-E	ML-39-D
ML-745	50	
ML-747		50
Defoamer	0.40	0.40
Deareator	0.50	0.50
Substrate wetting agent	0.20	0.20
Neutralising agent	0.10	0.10
Texanol	1.00	1.00
UV absorber	1.00	1.00
Water	45.40	45.40
Slip agent	0.20	0.20
In-can preservative	0.10	0.10
Pseudoplastic HEUR thickener	0.40	0.40
Newtonia HEUR thickener	0.70	0.70
	100	100

- Low VOC (possible to formulate 0 VOC)
- Low solids (23%)
- Test vs commercial lasures: Ref.
  A, Ref. B (glossy, low solids 23/24%)
- Compare: block resistance, adhesion, weathering resistance and gloss retention in accelerated test and natural exposure

### Block Resistance Room and high temperature





1 hour @ 50°C	Ref. A	Ref. B	ML-19-E	ML-39-D
Block pressure - (1kg * 1 cm2)	5A	5B	5A	5A
24 hours @ RT	Ref. A	Ref. B	ML-19-E	ML-39-D
Block pressure - (1kg * 1 cm2)	5A	5A	5A	5A

Optimal block and hot block resistance

# Adhesion Dry and wet



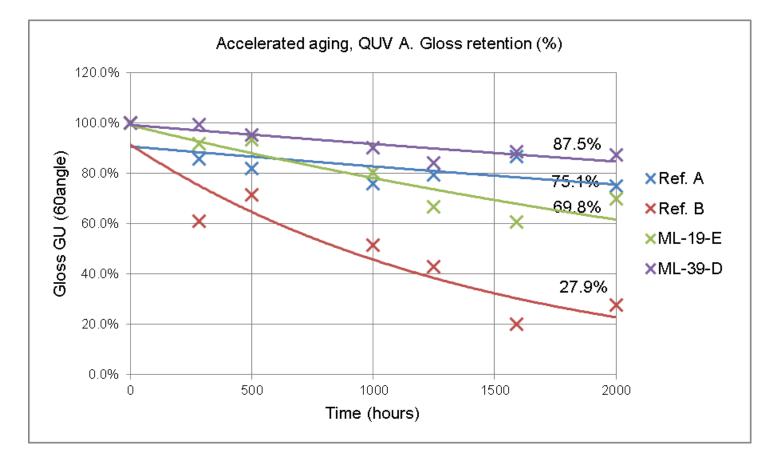


	Dry Adhesion	Wet Adhesion
Ref. A	GT 0	GT 0
Ref. B	GT 0	GT 2
ML-19-E	GT 0	GT 0
ML-39-D	GT 0	GT 0

Perfect adhesion!

# **QUV A Gloss retention** Comparable performance to ADH/polymers





Top gloss retention

#### Natural exposure Good shape after one year on a test fence



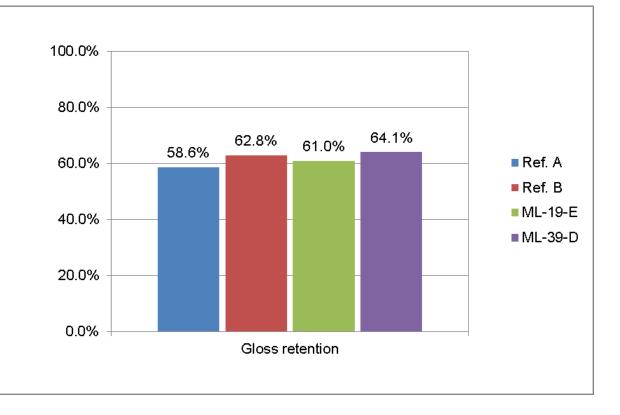


No failure, delamination, flanking or cracking!

# Natural exposure One year gloss retention equal to std. lasures



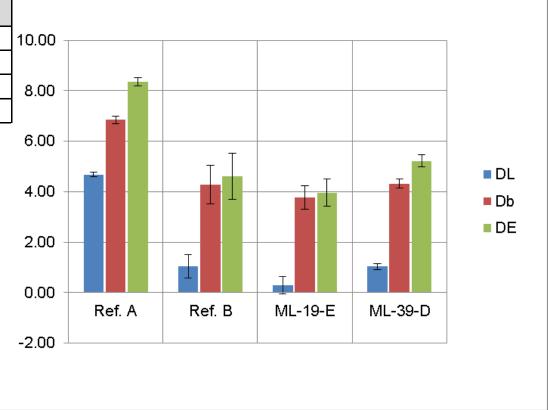
	Gloss	
	retention	
Ref. A	58.6%	
Ref. B	62.8%	
ML-19-E	61.0%	
ML-39-D	64.1%	



### Natural exposure Discoloration

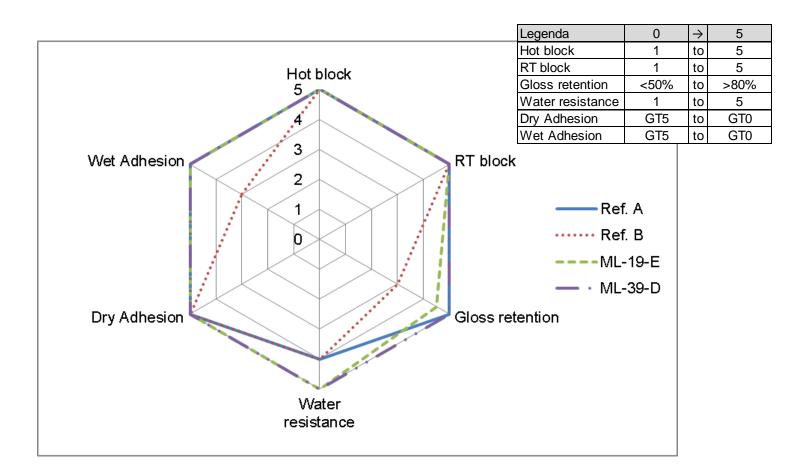


	ΛL	46	ΛE	
	ΔL	Δb		
Ref. A	4.68	6.85	8.37	1
Ref. B	1.05	4.29	4.61	
ML-19-E	0.30	3.78	3.97	
ML-39-D	1.04	4.32	5.23	



### Full comparison Complete picture





ML-19-E and ML-39-D good as commercial lasures or, even, better





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- Lasure formulations ML-19-E and ML-39-D equal or outperform commercial standards
- ML-745 and ML-747, both ADH-free, are suitable for Architectural exterior wood segment (varnish and lasure)
- Cross-linkable two-phase polymers ADH-free
- ML-745 and ML-747 are Ecolabel compliant binder without the hazard statement H411
- No trade-off between life span and environmental impact

#### Acknowledgements R&D synthesis work



- ✓ Dr. Andrew Hearley<sup>\$</sup> EPS B.V. (Engineered Polymer Solutions)
- Emile Stevens EPS B.V. (Engineered Polymer Solutions)
- ✓ Ibrahim Kemikkiran EPS B.V. (Engineered Polymer Solutions)

\$ - Dr. Hearley moved to The Valspar Corporation

# Do you have questions? Contact me ...

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